

Airport and Air Navigation Charges in Africa

Joint ICAO/AFCAC Regional Symposium for African States on the Economics of Airport and Air Navigation Services

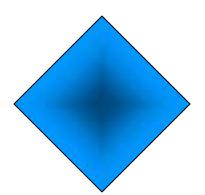
Kampala, Uganda, 17-19 August 2009



Working Together: the Airline View

SAFETY

CAPACITY



PERFORMANCE

COST-EFFICIENCY



Role of IATA Charges Team

- Engage airport and ANSPs in charges consultations
- Promote IATA / ICAO charges principles
- Drive cost reductions / efficiency improvements

BUT too often...

- Opposing unjustified charges increases
- Need to lobby governments



ICAO Charges Polices

Contain 4 key principles to protect users

- Non-discrimination
- Cost Relatedness
- Transparency
- User Consultation





CEANS Recommendations:

- Economic Oversight
- Minimum Reporting
- Consultation With Users
- Governance
- Differential Charges
- Security Costs





But we need follow-up

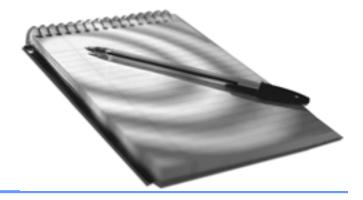
- → Urge States to adhere to Doc 9082
- Educate on basic charges policies
- ✓ Encourage States to adopt policy into economic regulation or law

Monitor adherence to policies



Overview of Africa

- Non-discrimination
 - → Discriminatory charges are common
- Cost Relatedness
 - → Unclear revenue / funding allocations
- Transparency
 - □ Lack of cost breakdown
 - → Proliferation of charges / taxes
- User Consultation
 - ∠ Lack of meaningful dialogue



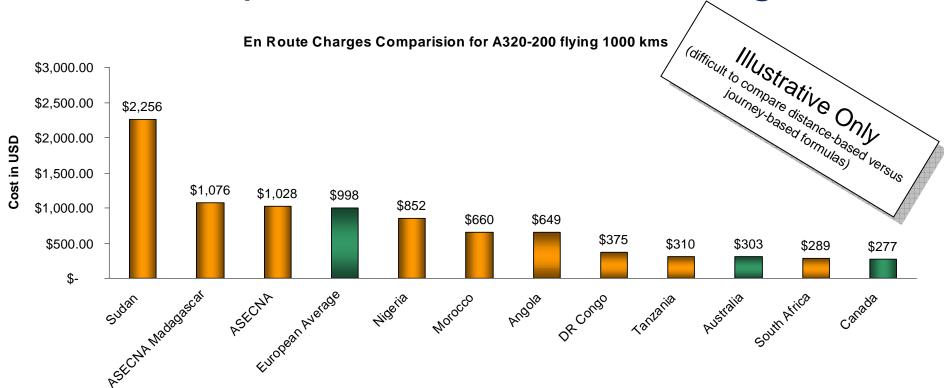


Are charges too high in Africa...?



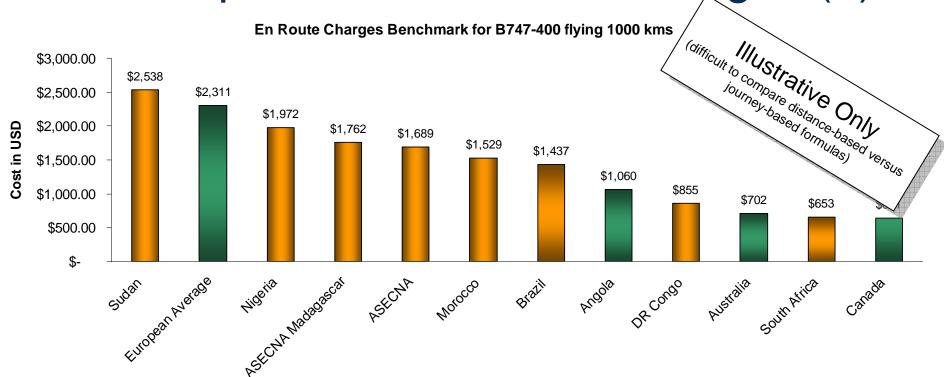


Comparison of en route charges





Comparison of en route charges (2)





Airport charges comparison

Charge considered in the comparison: Landing, Parking, Passenger (including development fee), Security and Noise

Assumptions:

| A/C model | B737-800 | B747-400 |
|----------------|----------|----------|
| Pax capacity | 162 | 400 |
| Occupancy (%) | 75% | 75% |
| Occupancy (Nr) | 122 | 300 |
| MTOW | 79 | 397 |

- All international passengers or all domestic passengers (No transfer pax)
- Turnaround time: 2 hours



